

Test Review Chapter 8, 9 & 10

1. When Muhammad was born in the 500's CE, Arabia had a unified _____.
2. Muhammad learned he had been chosen by Allah when _____ visited him in a _____.
3. Because Christians and Jews believed in one god, Muhammad considered them to be _____.
4. The word _____ means "one who surrenders to God".
5. Muhammad's teaching that the _____ should share their wealth with the _____ most upset Makkah's leaders.
6. The _____ guided the "rightly guided" caliphs who succeeded Muhammad after he died.
7. Muslims in the 600's argued over whether their leaders had to be _____ of Muhammad.
8. The Muslims, Jews and Christians living peacefully in Cordoba advanced _____, _____ and _____.
9. Place these key events in Muhammad's life in chronological order:
 - a. Began to preach his beliefs to other Makkans. _____
 - b. Died. _____
 - c. Born in Makka _____
 - d. Developed a new Muslim community in Madinah _____
 - e. Received messages from God through the angel Gabriel _____
 - f. Became a trader and married Khadijah _____
 - g. Made a pilgrimage back to Makkah _____
 - h. Left Makkah with his followers _____

- i. Came under attack _____
10. Islam is considered a way of _____.
 11. The term “People of the Book” refers to _____ and _____.
 12. The term “People of the Book” means that these religions are guided by holy writings that came from _____.
 13. The Qu’ran was written with the help of _____.
 14. In the First Pillar of Faith, Muslims pledge to _____ to God.
 15. Praying five times a day is a way of life that emphasizes _____ and _____.
 16. The word zakat means _____.
 17. Wealth becomes pure by _____.
 18. Muslims share their wealth because it _____.
 19. Jihad means to _____.
 20. In Jihad, Muslims are _____ to _____.
 21. Define the following terms:
 - a. First Pillar of Faith
 - b. Second Pillar of Faith
 - c. Third Pillar of Faith
 - d. Fourth Pillar of Faith
 - e. Fifth Pillar of Faith
 - f. Jihad
 - g. Shari’ah
 22. The cities of Baghdad, Cairo and Cordoba were important to Muslims as centers for _____.
 23. Minarets and mosques are important sites for _____.
 24. Muslims names the mathematical symbol _____.
 25. Muslims modified the land to adapt it for human living by building _____.
 26. In their quest for knowledge, Muslims gathered information from _____, _____ and _____.

27. Because of religious restrictions, Muslim art does not show

_____.

28. As the Muslim empire spread, they were unified by a common

_____.

29. List two or more contributions Muslims made in each of these areas:

- a. City building and Architecture
- b. Scholarship and Learning
- c. Science and Technology
- d. Geography and Navigation
- e. Mathematics
- f. Medicine
- g. Bookmaking and Literature
- h. Art and Music
- i. Recreation

30. A prophet is someone who:

31. A polytheist believes in:

32. A monotheist believes in:

33. Define boycott:

34. Define dynasty:

35. A mosque is:

36. Define Zoology:

37. Define Astronomy:

38. Define Algebra: